

3e,

1. Yes
2. No, she change some words
3. By citing the source
4. Used and others when there are mor than two authors

3g,

1. In contrast
2. Moreover
3. On the other hand
4. Therefore
5. As a result

3j,

1. First
2. Under
3. However
4. And
5. In addition

4a,

In my opinion the best way to extract water from fog is to create a condenser that works by sucking air into a container from which the air will pass through a cool down copper tube dropping down the temperature in the air condensing the water in it Dan Simply put a collecting container at the other side of the tube for the water.

4b,

- 1) A (super) hydrophilic material is a material that absorbs water; a (super) hydrophobic material is a material that repels water
- 2) 2 A water collection material
- 3) 3 Wings of the Namib Desert Beetle
- 4) 4 She plans to develop a superhydrophobic material covered with superhydrophilic protrusions

7a,

- 1) for me personally I have never partaken place in a meeting
- 2) Well at least the language isn't a problem for me since I'm bilingual ever since I can remember The thing is I am a bit of an introvert so every time I have to speak in public both my English and Spanish aren't as fluent as they could be

8a.

- 1) The structure of many ridges is covered by millions of bristles, and finally there are hundreds of scrapers, which increase the surface with which one can come into contact, thus creating a force of attraction with the surface.
- 2) By aligning the bristles, making the scraper flat against the surface, and then sliding the foot to generate cutting force, the gecko can be glued.
- 3) By changing the shape of the bristles, increasing the angle to the surface, and reducing the force, the feet can detach.
- 4) Very few scrapers adhere to a piece of earth. The force between the ground and the surface is greater than the force between the foot and the ground, so the earth is extracted from the foot.